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APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR MANAGEMENT INFORMATION BASE TABLE FOR STORING AND ACCESSING MEDIUM SENSING TIME HISTOGRAM MEASUREMENT RESULTS

The present invention relates to wireless local area networks (WLANs). More particularly the present invention relates to wireless device management of WLANS by assessing radio resources using Medium Sensing Time Histogram Reports. Most particularly, the present invention relates to an apparatus and method for using Management Information Base (MIB) Tables of a radio device to store a history of received and locally generated Medium Sensing Time Histogram Reports. The method and apparatus of the present invention is intended for use in the IEEE 802.11k standard as well as any WLAN requiring measurement of the medium.

Today's radio environment in which WLANs typically operate is a largely unregulated scarce resource. A radio device such as a WLAN station (STA) must be able to measure and assess the radio environment and take corresponding actions. A radio device such as a wireless station (STA) can both sense the medium and request other radio devices (other STAs) to report on their own sensing or measurement of the medium. One type of measurement that can be requested is a Medium Sensing Time Histogram. A format of a Measurement Request field 100 corresponding to a Medium Sensing Time Histogram Request is shown in FIG. 1. The fields are described as follows:

- a. The Channel Number 101 indicates the channel number for which the measurement request applies.
- b. The Channel Band 1012 indicates the frequency band, taken from Table 1 in which the Channel Number applies.

Table 1 - Channel Band 102 definitions for radio measurement requests

Name	Channel Band
2.4 GHz Band	0
5 GHz Band	1
Reserved	2-255

c. The Measurement Duration 103 can be set equal to the duration of the requested measurement, expressed in timer units (TUs).

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d. The Medium Sensing Measurement Subtype 104 indicates the subtype of Medium Sensing Measurements to make. The available subtypes of Medium Sensing Measurement are defined in Table 2.

Table 2 - Medium Sensing Measurement Subtype 104 definition

Medium Sensing Measurement Subtype	Medium Sensing Measurement Time Histogram Name
0	RPI Time Histogram
1	CCA Idle Time Histogram
2	CCA Busy Time Histogram
3	NAV Busy Time Histogram
4-255	Reserved

- e. The RPI Threshold 105 identifies a received power level threshold according to Table 4, as seen at the antenna connector. The RPI Threshold is used to determine if a Medium Sensing Event occurs, while collecting information for the RPI Time Histogram.
- f. The Bin Offset 106 indicates the position of the first bin, expressed in microseconds.
- g. The Bin Interval 107 indicates the time interval during which Medium Sensing Events are counted to be in this bin, expressed in slot times. Medium Sensing Events are defined in Table 3.
- h. The Number of Bins 108 indicates the total number of time intervals that are covered by the time histogram.

A radio device, e.g., a STA, reports measurements using a Measurement Report element. The format of a Measurement Report field 200 of a Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report is shown in FIG. 2. The subfields are defined as follows:

- a. The Channel Number 201 indicates the channel number to which the Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report applies.
- b. The Channel Band 202 indicates the measured frequency band, taken from Table 2, in which the Channel Number applies.

- c. The Measurement Duration 203 is set equal to the duration over which the Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report was measured, expressed in TUs.
- d. The Medium Sensing Measurement Subtype 204 indicates the subtype of Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report, as defined in Table 3.

Table 3 - Medium Sensing Measurement Subtype definition

Medium Sensing	Medium Sensing Measurement Name	
Measurement Subtype		
0	RPI Time Histogram	
1	CCA Idle Time Histogram	
2	CCA Busy Time Histogram	
3	NAV Busy Time Histogram	
4-255	Reserved	

e. The RPI Threshold 205 identifies a received power level threshold according to Table 4, as seen at the antenna connector. The RPI Threshold is used to determine if a Medium Sensing Event occurs, while collecting information for the RPI Time Histogram.

Table 4 - RPI Threshold Definitions for an RPI Time Histogram

RPI	Power Observed at Antenna (dBm)
0	-87
1	-82
2	-77
3	-72
4	-67
5	-62
6	-57
7-255	reserved

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The Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report contains in each of N Bins the densities in each of the N time intervals as measured in the specified channel over the measurement duration.

- f. The Bin Offset 206 indicates the position of the first bin, expressed in microseconds.
- g. The Bin Interval 207 indicates the time interval during which Medium Sensing Events are counted to be in this bin, expressed in slot times. Medium Sensing Events are defined in Table 5.
- h. The Number of Bins 208 indicates the total number of time intervals that are covered by the time histogram.
- The Total Number of Medium Sensing Events 209 indicates how many events have been counted during the measurement.

Table 5 - Definition of Medium Sensing Event

Medium Sensing Measurement Subtype	Medium Sensing Measurement Name	Medium Sensing Event for Bin i
0	RPI Time Histogram	RPI changes from value higher than threshold to value lower than RPI threshold within the interval (i0+[i*\Deltai (i+1)*\Deltai])
1	CCA Idle Time Histogram	CCA state changes from idle to busy within the interval (i0+[i*Δi (i+1)*Δi])
2	CCA Busy Time Histogram	CCA state changes from busy to idle within the interval (i0+[i*Δi (i+1)*Δi])
3	NAV Busy Time Histogram	NAV duration within the interval (i0+[i*Δi (i+1)*Δi]) detected
4-255	reserved	reserved

15 j. Bin i density 21i, with $0 \le i < N$, e.g., 210, 211, 212, 213, ..., is computed by the STA monitoring the contiguous duration of the monitored state and

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incrementing count, B_i, corresponding to Bin i and if a Medium Sensing Event occurs during the measurement at time t with

$$i0+(i*\Delta i) < t \le i0+((i+1)*\Delta i)$$
 for any ii0+(i*\Delta i) \le t for i=N-1,

then the number of events per Bin i is increased by one. During the Medium Sensing Measurement, a histogram is generated that represents the probability distribution of Medium Sensing Events in time.

Ability to predict future radio environment characteristics is based on past characteristics so there should be a history of such reports, both locally generated by a radio device and received by the device. Currently, there is no way to create a history of Medium Sensing Time Histogram Reports.

The IEEE 802.11 standard specifies request and report means, including the formats of FIGs. 1 and 2, but does not currently provide any mechanism for retaining a history of these measurements over time either by a measuring STA or a STA receiving one or more measurement reports. However, IEEE 802.1k contemplates implementing storing these reports by a STA in its MIB Table. Accordingly, the present invention provides a mechanism for storing these reports and locally obtained measurements by a STA in its MIB Table that can be implemented within its existing processing logic under the control of its SME.

Thus, there is a need for a way to capture and retain a history of Medium Sensing Time Histogram Measurement Reports taken over time.

The present invention is directed to an apparatus and method for a wireless radio device to capture a history of Medium Sensing Time Histogram Reports. The present invention defines a format for storing locally generated and received Medium Sensing Time Histogram Reports over time as a sequence of entries in a MIB Table of a STA.

Another aspect of the present invention provides an apparatus for capturing locally generated medium sensing results and received medium sensing time histogram reports and storing them as at least one entry in the MIB Table of the radio device whose MIB Table format has been modified according to the present invention. The apparatus includes a transceiver coupled to a measurement management module for receiving locally generated medium sensing reports and histogram reports generated by other devices and storing them locally as at least one entry in the modified MIB Table of the radio device.

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The foregoing and other features and advantages of the invention will be apparent from the following, more detailed description of preferred embodiments as illustrated in the accompanying drawings in which reference characters refer to the same parts throughout various views.

- FIG. 1 illustrates a Medium Sensing Time Histogram Request format;
- FIG. 2 illustrates a format of a Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report according to an embodiment of the present invention;
- FIG. 3 is a simplified block diagram illustrating the architecture of a wireless communication system whereto embodiments of the present invention are to be applied;
- FIG. 4. illustrates a simplified block diagram of a wireless device of the communication system of FIG. 3 modified to perform at least one of obtain locally and request from another network device a Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report and store it locally, according to an embodiment of the present invention;
- FIG. 5 illustrates a format of a MIB Table entry for a Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report Table according to an embodiment of the present invention;
- FIG. 6 is a flow chart illustrating the operation steps of receiving a request for a Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report, sensing the medium and generating a Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report, and storing it as an entry in a Medium Sensing Histogram Report table of a MIB Table and finally transmitting it over the medium; and
- FIG. 7 is a flow chart illustrating the operation steps of requesting and receiving over the medium a Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report, sensing the medium locally and generating a local Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report, and storing the generated and received reports as an entry in a Medium Sensing Histogram Report table of a MIB Table.
- It is to be understood by persons of ordinary skill in the art that the following descriptions are provided for purposes of illustration and not for limitation. An artisan understands that there are many variations that lie within the spirit of the invention and the scope of the appended claims. Unnecessary detail of known functions and operations may be omitted from the current description so as not to obscure the present invention.
- FIG. 3 illustrates a representative network environment whereto embodiments of the present invention are to be applied. As shown in FIG. 3, a wireless device 301 is communicates with a plurality of wireless devices 301 through a wireless link in which the wireless devices are communicated with each other via a plurality of wireless channels. A key principle of the present invention is provide a mechanism to store, i.e., MIB Table, a sequence of at least one of a locally sensed and received from other wireless devices sequence

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of at least one Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report as at least one entry in a Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report Table defined by the present invention as a type of table that can be stored in a MIB Table.

Referring to FIG. 4, the wireless devices 301 within the WLAN of FIG. 3 may include a system with an architecture that is illustrated in the block diagram of FIG. 4. Each wireless device 301 may include a receiver 401, a processor 402, a time histogram management module 405, a memory 403 having a MIB Table 404, a timer 406 and a transmitter 407. The exemplary system 400 of FIG. 4 is for descriptive purposes only. Although the description may refer to terms commonly used in describing particular wireless devices, the description and concepts equally apply to other processing systems, including systems having architectures dissimilar to that shown in FIG. 3.

In operation, the receiver 401 and the transmitter 407 are coupled to an antenna (not shown) to receive and transmit time histogram reports, requests therefor, and to sense the medium for local generation of time histogram reports. The processor 402 controls the time histogram management module 405 in the storage and retrieval of each Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report Entry in a Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report Table of the MIB table 404 stored in the memory 404. The time histogram management module is also used to maintain the Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report Table as a first-in-first-out data table to preserve currency of the entries. Further, in a preferred embodiment Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report Entries that have been received by the station management entity (SME) of the radio device are kept in the Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report Table for a predetermined minimum. In an implementation that is compliant with IEEE 802.11k standard this minimum retention time is dot11MeasurementReportAgingTime after having been written in the MIB. After this predetermined amount of time since a report was written, the report entry can be erased by SME to free memory. The timer 406 is used to determine when an entry is outdated as well as to set the time of storage of an entry in MIB table.

FIG. 5 illustrates a Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report Entry in a Medium Sensing Time Histogram Table contained in a MIB Table according to the present invention. An example of a software implementation of a Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report Table according to the present invention is contained in Appendix I. Each entry in the Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report Table according to the present invention comprises all the fields of the Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report illustrated in FIG. 2 and the additional fields: Index 501, RqtsToken 502, IfIndex 503, and STAAddr 504 and the Bin Densities 210 through 21(N-1) are stored in a Bin Table 505 indexed by Bin i Index 506i for

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I= 0, ..., N-1. A predetermined number of Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report entries can be stored in the MIB table. This predetermined number is ten.

A radio device, e.g., a STA, reports measurements using a Measurement Report element. The format of a Measurement Report field of each Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report entry is shown in FIG. 5. The subfields are defined as follows:

- Each entry in the Table is indexed by Index.
- b. The Request Token holds the request token that was specified in the measurement request that requested the measurement report corresponding to this entry and is an exact match to the original request token attribute.
- 10 c. The Interface Index is the interface index that the report corresponding to this entry was received on.
 - d. The STA Address is the MAC address of the measuring STA that made the measurements reported in the report corresponding to this entry.
 - e. The Channel Number indicates the channel number to which the Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report applies.
 - f. The Channel Band indicates the measured frequency band, taken from Table2, in which the Channel Number applies.
 - g. -The Measurement Duration shall be set equal to the duration over which the Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report was measured, expressed in TUs.
- 20 h. The Medium Sensing Measurement Subtype indicates the subtype of Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report, as defined in Table 6.

Table 6 - Medium Sensing Measurement Subtype definition

Medium Sensing	Medium Sensing Measurement Name	
Measurement Subtype		
0	RPI Time Histogram	
1	CCA Idle Time Histogram	
2	CCA Busy Time Histogram	
3	NAV Busy Time Histogram	
4-255	Reserved	

 The RPI Threshold identifies a received power level threshold according to Table 7, as seen at the antenna connector. The RPI Threshold is used to

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determine if a Medium Sensing Event occurs, while collecting information for the RPI Time Histogram.

Table 7 - RPI Threshold Definitions for an RPI Time Histogram

RPI	Power Observed at Antenna (dBm)
0	-87
1	-82
2	-77
3	-72
4	-67
5	-62
6	-57
7-255	reserved

- j. The Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report contains the densities in each of the N time intervals as measured in the specified channel over the measurement duration.
- k. The Total Number of Medium Sensing Events 209 indicates how many events have been counted during the measurement. The Medium Sensing Events are defined in Table 8.
- 1. The Bin Table stores indexed Bin i densities by storing N pairs comprising the Bin i index and the associated Bin i density. To compute the Bin i density, $0 \le i < N$, the measuring STA monitors the contiguous duration of the monitored state and increments count, B_i , corresponding to Bin i. If a Medium Sensing Event occurs during the measurement at time t with

$$i0+(i*\Delta i) < t \le i0+((i+1)*\Delta i)$$
 for any $i < N-1$,

$$i0+(i*\Delta i) \le t$$
 for $i=N-1$,

then the number of events per Bin i is increased by one. During the Medium Sensing Measurement, a histogram is generated that represents the probability distribution of Medium Sensing Events in time.

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Table 8 - Definition of Medium Sensing Event

Medium Sensing Measurement Subtype	Medium Sensing Measurement Name	Medium Sensing Event for Bin i
0	RPI Time Histogram	RPI changes from value higher than threshold to value lower than RPI threshold within the interval (i0+[i*Δi (i+1)*Δi])
1	CCA Idle Time Histogram	CCA state changes from idle to busy within the interval (i0+[i*Δi (i+1)*Δi])
2	CCA Busy Time Histogram	CCA state changes from busy to idle within the interval (i0+[i*Δi (i+1)*Δi])
3	NAV Busy Time Histogram	NAV duration within the interval (i0+[i*Δi (i+1)*Δi]) detected
4-255	reserved	reserved

FIG. 6 illustrates a flow diagram 600 of the operation steps performed by a wireless device 301 receiving a Medium Sensing Time Histogram Measurement Request 601, sensing the medium and generating a local Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report 602, storing the report FIFO in a local MIB as a Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report entry while purging out-of-date entries in the MIB (if needed) 603, and transmitting over the medium the report with the device's address contained therein 604.

FIG. 7 illustrates a flow diagram 700 of the operation steps performed by a wireless device 301 requesting a Medium Sensing Time Histogram Measurement Report 701, sensing the medium and generating a local Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report with the local device's address contained therein 702, receiving over the medium a report with the measuring device's address contained therein 703, and storing the report(s) FIFO in a local MIB as a Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report entry while purging out-of-date entries in the MIB (if needed) 704.

While the preferred embodiments of the present invention have been illustrated and described, it will be understood by those skilled in the art that various changes and modifications may be made, and equivalents may be substituted for elements thereof without departing from the tru scope of the present invention. In addition, many modifications may be made to adapt to a particular situation and the teaching of the present invention without departing from its central scope. Therefore, it is intended that the present invention not be limited to the particular embodiments disclosed as the best mode contemplated for carrying out the present invention, but that the present invention include all embodiments falling within the scope of the appended claim

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APPENDIX I

EXAMPLE IMPLEMENTATION OF MEDIUM SENSING TIME HISTOGRAM REPORT TABLE

```
**********************
 5
     -- * dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportTable
     *************
     dot11RRMMedSenseTimeHistogramReportMaxTableSize OBJECT-TYPE
 10
                            Unsigned32(0..65535)
          MAX-ACCESS read-only
           STATUS
                            current
          DESCRIPTION
                            "Identifies the number of measurement reports
15
                that can be entered into
                MedSenseTimeHistogramReportTable."
           ::= { dotl1RRMReport <<#>> }
20
     dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportTable OBJECT-TYPE
            SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF dotl1MedSenseTimeHistogramReportEntry
            MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
            STATUS current
            DESCRIPTION
                "Group contains the current list of Medium Sensing Time
25
                Histogram report entries that have been received by the
                SME. The report tables shall be maintained as FIFO to
                preserve freshness, thus this attribute can be overridden
                by memory constraints or other implementation constraints
30
                determined by the vendor of this SME."
        ::= { dot11smt <<#>> }
    dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportEntry OBJECT-TYPE
            SYNTAX dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportEntry
35
            MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
            STATUS current
            DESCRIPTION
                "An entry in the dotl1MedSenseTimeHistogramReportTable
                indexed by dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportIndex."
40
            INDEX { dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportIndex }
        ::= { dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportTable 1 }
    Dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportEntry ::=
            SEQUENCE {
45
                dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportIndex
                Unsigned32,
               \verb"dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportRqstToken"
               OCTET STRING,
               \verb|dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportIfIndex||
50
               InterfaceIndex,
               {\tt dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramMeasuringSTAAddr}
               MacAddress,
               dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportChanNumber
               INTEGER,
55
               dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportChanBand
               INTEGER,
```

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dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportActualStartTime
                  TSFType,
                 {\tt dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportMeasurementDuration}
                  Unsigned32,
 5
                  dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportSubtype
                  INTEGER,
                  dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportRPIThreshold
                  dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportBinOffset
 10
                  INTEGER,
                 dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportBinInterval
                 INTEGER,
                 dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportNumBin
                 INTEGER,
 15
                 dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportNumEvent
                 dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportBinTable
                 SEQUENCE OF dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportBinEntry
                 }
20
     dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportIndex OBJECT-TYPE
             SYNTAX Unsigned32
             MAX-ACCESS read-only
             STATUS current
25
             DESCRIPTION
                 "Index for Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report table
                 entries in dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportTable, greater
         ::= { dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportEntry 1 }
30
     dotllMedSenseTimeHistogramReportRqstToken OBJECT-TYPE
             SYNTAX OctetString
             MAX-ACCESS read-create
             STATUS current
35
             DESCRIPTION
                 " This attribute holds the request token that was
                 specified in the measurement request that generated this
                 measurement report. This should be an exact match to the
                 original dot11RRMRqstToken attribute.
40
             DEFVAL { ""}
         ::= { dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportEntry 2 }
     dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
             SYNTAX InterfaceIndex
45
            MAX-ACCESS read-only
             STATUS current
             DESCRIPTION
                 "The InterfaceIndex for this row of Medium Sensing Time
                Histogram report has been received on."
50
         ::= { dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportEntry 3 }
    dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramMeasuringSTAAddr OBJECT-TYPE
            SYNTAX MacAddress
            MAX-ACCESS read-only
55
            STATUS current
            DESCRIPTION
```

```
"The MAC address of the measuring STA for this row of
                 Medium Sensing Time Histogram report."
         ::= { dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportEntry 4 }
 5
     dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportChanNumber OBJECT-TYPE
             SYNTAX INTEGER
             MAX-ACCESS read-only
             STATUS current
10
             DESCRIPTION
                 "The channel number on which this row of report has been
                 detected."
         ::= { dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportEntry 5 }
15
     dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportChanBand OBJECT-TYPE
             SYNTAX INTEGER(0..1)
             MAX-ACCESS read-only
             STATUS current
             DESCRIPTION
20
                 "Channel Band indicates the frequency band, taken from
                 Table 0-2, TGk Spec, in which this row of beacon report
                 has been conducted.
                 0 : 2.4 GHz
                 1 : 5 GHz
25
                 Other values are reserved."
         ::= { dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportEntry 6 }
     dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportActualStartTime OBJECT-TYPE
30
             SYNTAX TSFType
             MAX-ACCESS read-only
             STATUS current
             DESCRIPTION
                 "This attribute corresponds to the TSF value at the time
35
                 when the measurement started."
         ::= { dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportEntry 7 }
    {\tt dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportMeasurementDuration}\ \ {\tt OBJECT-TYPE}
             SYNTAX Unsigned32
40
            MAX-ACCESS read-only
             STATUS current
             DESCRIPTION
                 "This attribute corresponds to the duration over which
                 the Medium Sensing Time Historgram Report was measured,
45
                 expressed in TUs."
         ::= { dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportEntry 8 }
    dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportSubtype OBJECT-TYPE
            SYNTAX INTEGER (0..3)
50
            MAX-ACCESS read-only
            STATUS current
            DESCRIPTION
                 "This attribute corresponds to the Measurement SubType
                 for this row of MedSenseTimeHistogramReport. SubType is
55
                defined as:
                0: RPI Time Histogram
                1: CCA Idle Time Histogram
```

```
2: CCA Busy Time Histogram
                 3: NAV Busy Time Histogram
                 other values are reserved."
         ::= { dotl1MedSenseTimeHistogramReportEntry 9 }
 5
     dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportRPIThreshold OBJECT-TYPE
             SYNTAX INTEGER (0..7)
             MAX-ACCESS read-only
10
             STATUS current
             DESCRIPTION
                 "This attribute indicates the RPI threshold that was used
                 for generating this row of MedSenseTimeHistogramReport.
                 0: -87dBm observed at antenna
15
                 1: -82dBm observed at antenna
                 2: -77dBm observed at antenna
                 3: -72dBm observed at antenna
                 4: -67dBm observed at antenna
                 5: -62dBm observed at antenna
20
                 6: -57dBm observed at antenna
                 other values are reserved."
         ::= { dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportEntry 10 }
25
     dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportBinOffset OBJECT-TYPE
             SYNTAX INTEGER
            MAX-ACCESS read-only
             STATUS current
             DESCRIPTION
30
                 "This attribute indicates the bin offset in
                 microseconds."
         ::= { dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportEntry 11 }
     dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportBinInterval OBJECT-TYPE
35
             SYNTAX INTEGER
            MAX-ACCESS read-only
            STATUS current
            DESCRIPTION
                 "This attribute indicates the bin interval duration in
40
                 multiples of aSlotTime."
        ::= { dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportEntry 12 }
    dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportNumBin OBJECT-TYPE
            SYNTAX INTEGER
45
            MAX-ACCESS read-only
            STATUS current
            DESCRIPTION
                 "This attribute indicates the number of bins."
        ::= { dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportEntry 13 }
50
    dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportNumEvent OBJECT-TYPE
            SYNTAX INTEGER
            MAX-ACCESS read-only
            STATUS current
55
            DESCRIPTION
                 "This attribute indicates the number of medium sensing
                events. The purpose of this value is to allow the
```

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calculation of absolute times, as well as providing a
                  confidence indicator."
          ::= { dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportEntry 14 }
 5
     dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportBinTable OBJECT-TYPE
             SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportBinEntry
             MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
             STATUS current
             DESCRIPTION
 10
                  "Group contains the list of bin entries that are part of
                  this time histogram."
         ::= { dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportEntry 15 }
15
     dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportBinEntry OBJECT-TYPE
             SYNTAX dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportBinEntry
             MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
             STATUS current
20
             DESCRIPTION
                 " An entry in the
     \verb|dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportBinTable||
     indexed by dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportBinIndex."
             INDEX { dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportBinIndex }
25
         ::= { dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportBinTable 1 }
     Dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportBinEntry ::=
             SEQUENCE {
30
                 dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportBinIndex
                                                               Unsigned32,
                 dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportBinDensity
                                                               INTEGER
35
     dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportBinIndex OBJECT-TYPE
             SYNTAX Unsigned32
             MAX-ACCESS read-only
             STATUS current
             DESCRIPTION
40
                 " Index for Medium Sensing Time Histogram Report Bin
                 Table entries in
                 dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportBinTable, greater than
                 0."
         ::= { dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportBinEntry 1 }
45
    dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportBinDensity OBJECT-TYPE
            SYNTAX INTEGER (0..255)
            MAX-ACCESS read-only
50
            STATUS current
            DESCRIPTION
                 "This attribute indicates the probability of medium
                 sensing events during the bin interval."
         ::= { dot11MedSenseTimeHistogramReportBinEntry 2 }
55
```